

SIOV metal oxide varistors

Housed (ThermoFuse) varistors, AdvanceD series

Series/Type: ETFV20
Date: April 2011

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ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV20 series

Construction

- Round varistor element, leaded
- Coating: epoxy resin, flame-retardant to UL 94 V-0
- Terminals: tinned copper wire, metal compound wire
- Housing: thermoplastic, flame-retardant to UL 94 V-0

Features

- Wide operating voltage range 130 ... 420 V_{RMS}
- Self-protected under abnormal overvoltage conditions
- High-energy AdvanceD series E2

Approvals

- UL
- IEC
- VDE

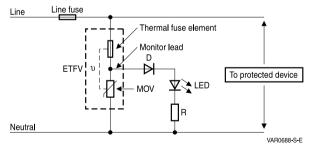
Applications

- Air conditioner, refrigerator, TV, etc.
- Power meter, inverter, telecom equipment, etc.
- Transient voltage surge suppressors (TVSS)
- Solar inverter

Delivery mode

■ Bulk (standard)

Typical applications



General technical data

Climatic category	to IEC 60068-1	40/85/56	
Operating temperature	to IEC 61051	-40 + 85	°C
	10 120 0 100 1	-40 + 85	°C
Storage temperature			-
Electric strength	to IEC 61051	≥ 2.5	kV _{RMS}
Insulation resistance	to IEC 61051	≥ 100	ΜΩ
Response time		< 25	ns



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Electrical specifications and ordering codes Maximum ratings ($T_A = 85$ °C)

Ordering code	Туре	V_{RMS}	V_{DC}	i _{max}	W_{max}	P _{max}
	(untaped)			(8/20 µs)	(2 ms)	
	SIOV-	V	V	Α	J	W
B72220T2131K101	ETFV20K130E2	130	170	10000	100	1.0
B72220T2141K101	ETFV20K140E2	140	180	10000	110	1.0
B72220T2151K101	ETFV20K150E2	150	200	10000	120	1.0
B72220T2171K101	ETFV20K175E2	175	225	10000	135	1.0
B72220T2211K101	ETFV20K210E2	210	270	10000	160	1.0
B72220T2231K101	ETFV20K230E2	230	300	10000	180	1.0
B72220T2251K101	ETFV20K250E2	250	320	10000	195	1.0
B72220T2271K101	ETFV20K275E2	275	350	10000	215	1.0
B72220T2301K101	ETFV20K300E2	300	385	10000	250	1.0
B72220T2321K101	ETFV20K320E2	320	420	10000	273	1.0
B72220T2351K101	ETFV20K350E2	350	460	10000	273	1.0
B72220T2381K101	ETFV20K385E2	385	505	10000	273	1.0
B72220T2421K101	ETFV20K420E2	420	560	10000	273	1.0

Characteristics ($T_A = 25$ °C)

Ordering code	Туре	V_{ν}	ΔV_{v}	V _{c,max}	i _c	C _{typ}
	(untaped)	(1 mA)	(1 mA)	(i _c)		(1 kHz)
	SIOV-	V	%	V	Α	pF
B72220T2131K101	ETFV20K130E2	205	±10	340	100	1340
B72220T2141K101	ETFV20K140E2	220	±10	360	100	1240
B72220T2151K101	ETFV20K150E2	240	±10	395	100	1160
B72220T2171K101	ETFV20K175E2	270	±10	455	100	1000
B72220T2211K101	ETFV20K210E2	330	±10	545	100	835
B72220T2231K101	ETFV20K230E2	360	±10	595	100	760
B72220T2251K101	ETFV20K250E2	390	±10	650	100	700
B72220T2271K101	ETFV20K275E2	430	±10	710	100	630
B72220T2301K101	ETFV20K300E2	470	±10	775	100	580
B72220T2321K101	ETFV20K320E2	510	±10	840	100	540
B72220T2351K101	ETFV20K350E2	560	±10	910	100	500
B72220T2381K101	ETFV20K385E2	620	±10	1025	100	450
B72220T2421K101	ETFV20K420E2	680	±10	1120	100	420



Weight

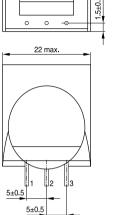


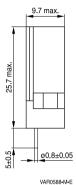
Housed varistors

ETFV20

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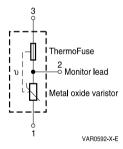
Dimensional drawings





Nominal diameter	V _{RMS}	Weight
mm	V	g
20	130 420	5.2 8.4

Lead configuration





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Reliability data

Test	Test methods/conditions	Requirement
Varistor voltage	The voltage between two terminals with the specified measuring current applied is called V_{ν} (1 mA _{DC} @ 0.2 2 s).	To meet the specified value
Clamping voltage	The maximum voltage between two terminals with the specified standard impulse current (8/20 µs) applied.	To meet the specified value
Endurance at upper category temperature	After having continuously applied the maximum allowable AC voltage at UCT ± 2 °C for 1000 h, the specimen shall be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. Thereafter, the change of V _V shall be measured.	IΔV/V (1 mA)I ≤10%
Surge current derating, 8/20 μs	10 surge currents (8/20 μs), unipolar, interval 30 s, amplitude corresponding to derating curve for 10 impulses at 20 μs	I∆V/V (1 mA)I ≤10% (measured in direction of surge current) No visible damage
Surge current derating, 2 ms	10 surge currents (2 ms), unipolar, interval 120 s, amplitude corresponding to derating curve for 10 impulses at 2 ms	I∆V/V (1 mA)I ≤10% (measured in direction of surge current) No visible damage
Electric strength	IEC 61051-1, test 4.9.2 Metal balls method, 2500 V _{RMS} , 60 s The varistor is placed in a container holding 1.6 ±0.2 mm diameter metal balls such that only the terminations of the varistor are protruding. The specified voltage shall be applied between both terminals of the specimen connected together and the electrode inserted between the metal balls.	No breakdown





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Test	Test methods/conditions	Requirement
Climatic sequence	The specimen shall be subjected to: a) dry heat at UCT, 16 h, IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba b) damp heat, 1st cycle: 55 °C, 93% r. H., 24 h, IEC 60068-2-30, test Db c) cold, LCT, 2 h, IEC 60068-2-1, test Aa d) damp heat, additional 5 cycles: 55 °C/25 °C, 93% r. H., 24 h/cycle, IEC 60068-2-30, test Db.	IΔV/V (1 mA)I ≤10% R _{ins} ≥100 MΩ
	Then the specimen shall be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. Thereafter, the change of V_V shall be measured. Thereafter, insulation resistance R_{ins} shall be measured at $V=500$ V .	
Rapid change of temperature	IEC 60068-2-14, test Na, LCT/UCT, dwell time 30 min, 5 cycles	l∆V/V (1 mA)l ≤5% No visible damage
Damp heat, steady state	IEC 60068-2-78, test Ca The specimen shall be subjected to 40 ± 2 °C, 90 to 95% r. H. for 56 days without load / with 10% of the maximum continuous DC operating voltage V _{DC} . Then stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. Thereafter, the change of V _V shall be measured. Thereafter, insulation resistance R _{ins} shall be measured at V = 500 V (insulated varistors only).	IΔV/V (1 mA)I ≤10% R _{ins} ≥100 MΩ



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Test	Test methods/conditions	Requirement
Solderability	IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 with modified conditions for lead-free solder alloys: 245 °C, 3 s: After dipping the terminals to a depth of approximately 3 mm from the body in a soldering bath of 245 °C for 3 s, the terminals shall be visually examined.	The inspection shall be carried out under adequate light with normal eyesight or with the assistance of a magnifier capable of giving a magnification of 4 to 10 times. The dipped surface shall be covered with a smooth and bright solder coating with no more than small amounts of scattered imperfections such as pinholes or un-wetted or de-wetted areas. These imperfections shall not be concentrated in one area.
Resistance to soldering heat	IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A, 260 °C, 10 s: Each lead shall be dipped into a solder bath having a temperature of 260 \pm 5 °C to a point 2.0 to 2.5 mm from the body of the specimen, be held there for 10 \pm 1 s and then be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. The change of V _V shall be measured and the specimen shall be visually examined.	I∆V/V (1 mA)l ≤5% No visible damage
Tensile strength	IEC 60068-2-21, test Ua1 After gradually applying the force specified below and keeping the unit fixed for 10 s, the terminal shall be visually examined for any damage. Force for wire diameter: 0.6 mm = 10 N 0.8 mm = 10 N 1.0 mm = 20 N	I∆V/V (1 mA)I ≤5% No break of solder joint, no wire break





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Test	Test methods/conditions	Requirement
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc, method B4	∆V/V (1 mA) ≤5%
	Frequency range: 10 55 Hz Amplitude: 0.75 mm or 98 m/s² Duration: 6 h (3 · 2 h) Pulse: sine wave After repeatedly applying a single harmonic vibration according to the table above. The change of V _V shall be measured and the specimen shall be visually examined.	No visible damage
Bump	IEC 60068-2-29, test Eb Pulse duration: 6 ms Max. acceleration: 400 m/s² Number of bumps: 4000 Pulse: half sine	I∆V/V (1 mA)I ≤5% No visible damage
Fire hazard	IEC 60695-11-5 (needle flame test) Severity: vertical 10 s	5 s max.



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Test	Test methods/conditions			Requirement	
Abnormal overvoltage test	The device is designed to meet the limited current abnormal overvoltage condition, outlined in section 39.4 of UL 1449, 3 rd edition. Detailed test voltage applied onto the device for different types as in the following table:			sha	Any of these phenomena shall not be observed, or this specimen will be judged as failed part: 1. Emission of flame, moltometal, glowing or flamin particles through any
	Туре	Device rating V	Test voltage V		openings (pre-existed or created as a result of the test) in the product.
	ETFV20K130E2	130	260	2.	Charring, glowing, or flaming of the supportin surface, tissue paper, o cheesecloth. Ignition of the enclosure Creation of any opening
	ETFV20K140E2	140	280		
	ETFV20K150E2	150	300		
	ETFV20K175E2	175	350	3.	
	ETFV20K210E2	210	420	4.	
	ETFV20K230E2	230	415		in the enclosure that
	ETFV20K250E2	250	500		result in accessibility of
	ETFV20K275E2	275	480		live parts, when
	ETFV20K300E2	300	600		evaluated in accordance with accessibility of live
	ETFV20K320E2	320	600		parts test in section 58.2
	ETFV20K350E2	350	600		of UL1449, 3 rd edition.
	ETFV20K385E2	385	600		,
	ETFV20K420E2	420	600		

Note:

UCT = Upper category temperature

LCT = Lower category temperature

 R_{ins} = Insulation resistance





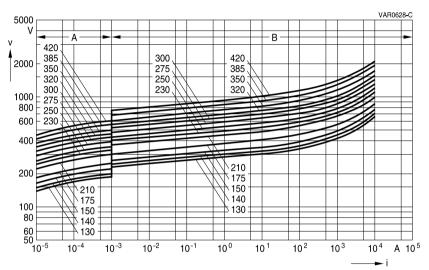
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v/i characteristics

v = f (i) for explanation of the characteristics refer to "General technical information", chapter 1.6.3 A = Leakage current, B = Protection level } for worst-case varistor tolerances



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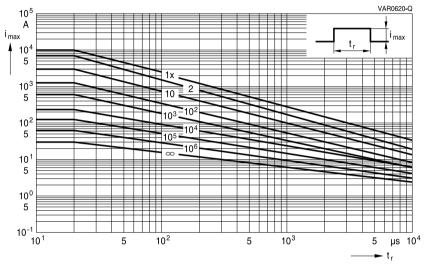
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Derating curves

Maximum surge current $i_{max} = f(t_r, pulse train)$

For explanation of the derating curves refer to "General technical information", section 1.8.1



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Housed varistors

ETFV20

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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS metal oxide varistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of SIOVs through reliability testing during the design-in phase. SIOVs should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.
- 3. For applications of SIOVs in line-to-ground circuits based on various international and local standards there are restrictions existing or additional safety measures required.

Storage

- 1. Store SIOVs only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- 2. Storage conditions in original packaging:

Storage temperature: -25 °C ... +45 °C,

Relative humidity: <75% annual average,

<95% on maximum 30 days a year.

Dew precipitation: is to be avoided.

- 3. Avoid contamination of an SIOV's during storage, handling and processing.
- 4. Avoid storage of SIOVs in harmful environments that can affect the function during long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- 5. The SIOV type series should be soldered within the time specified:

SIOV-S, -Q, -LS, -B, -SFS 24 months FTFV 12 months.

Handling

- 1. SIOVs must not be dropped.
- 2. Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- 3. Avoid contamination of the surface of SIOV electrodes during handling, be careful of the sharp edge of SIOV electrodes.

Soldering (where applicable)

- 1. Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- 2. Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- 3. Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- 4. Complete removal of flux is recommended.



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Mounting

- Potting, sealing or adhesive compounds can produce chemical reactions in the SIOV ceramic that will degrade the component's electrical characteristics.
- 2. Overloading SIOVs may result in ruptured packages and expulsion of hot materials. For this reason SIOVs should be physically shielded from adjacent components.

Operation

- 1. Use SIOVs only within the specified temperature operating range.
- 2. Use SIOVs only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm SIOVs. Use SIOVs only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.





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Symbols and terms

Symbol	Term
C	Capacitance
C_{typ}	Typical capacitance
i	Current
i _c	Current at which V _{c, max} is measured
l _{leak}	Leakage current
i _{max}	Maximum surge current (also termed peak current)
I _{max}	Maximum discharge current to IEC 61643-1
I _{nom}	Nominal discharge current to IEC 61643-1
LCT	Lower category temperature
L_{typ}	Typical inductance
P _{max}	Maximum average power dissipation
R_{ins}	Insulation resistance
R_{min}	Minimum resistance
T_A	Ambient temperature
t _r	Duration of equivalent rectangular wave
UCT	Upper category temperature
V	Voltage
V_{clamp}	Clamping voltage
V _{c, max}	Maximum clamping voltage at specified current i _c
V_{DC}	DC operating voltage
V_{jump}	Maximum jump start voltage
V_{max}	Maximum voltage
V_{op}	Operating voltage
V_{RMS}	AC operating voltage, root-mean-square value
$V_{RMS,\;op,\;max}$	Root-mean-square value of max. DC operating voltage incl. ripple current
V_{surge}	Super imposed surge voltage
V_{V}	Varistor voltage
ΔV_{V}	Tolerance of varistor voltage
W_{LD}	Maximum load dump
W_{max}	Maximum energy absorption
е	Lead spacing

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.



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The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
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