

Power line chokes

Current-compensated ring core double chokes 250 V AC, 0.25 ... 0.9 A, 4.7 ... 47 mH

Series/Type: B82791G/H

Date: October 2008



Current-compensated ring core double chokes

Rated voltage 250 V AC Rated current 0.25 A to 0.9 A Rated inductance 4.7 mH to 47 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke
- Ferrite core
- Polycarbonate case (UL 94 V-0)
- Sector winding

Features

- Without potting
- High resonance frequency due to special winding technique and omission of potting
- Approx. 1.5% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- UL and VDE approvals \$\square\$ \text{\ti}\\\ \text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\til\text{\text{\texict{\text{\texit{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texicr{\texi{\texi{\
- Recyclable
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Electronic ballasts in lamps
- Switch-mode power supplies

Terminals

- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped
- Pins Ø 0.6 mm
- Lead spacing 10×15 (mm) or $12.7 \times 5.08/2.54$ (mm)

Marking

Manufacturer, approval signs and/or VDE standard number, ordering code, graphic symbol, rated current, rated voltage, rated inductance, date of manufacture (YYWWD)

Delivery mode

Cardboard box



B82791G



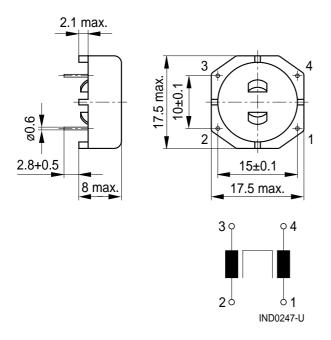
B82791H



Current-compensated ring core double chokes

Dimensional drawings and pin configurations

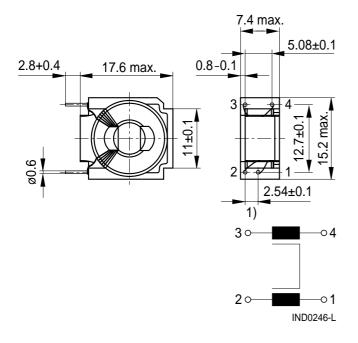
Horizontal version (B82791G)



Tolerances to ISO 2768-M unless otherwise noted.

Dimensions in mm

Vertical version (B82791H)



Tolerances to ISO 2768-M unless otherwise noted.

Dimensions in mm

¹⁾ Vertical version with symmetrical lead spacing (5.08 mm × 12.7 mm) is available on request (B82791K).



Current-compensated ring core double chokes

Technical data and measuring conditions

250 V AC (50/60 Hz)
1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)
40 °C or 60 °C
Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature
Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 0.1 mA, 20 °C Inductance is specified per winding.
−30/+50% at 20 °C
< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I _R , 20 °C
Measured with Agilent 4284A at 10 kHz, 5 mA, 20 °C, typical values
Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding
Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: (245 ± 5) °C, (3 ± 0.3) s Wetting of soldering area $\geq 95\%$ (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)
(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)
40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)
–25 °C +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH
Approx. 3 g
EN 60938-2, UL 1283

Characteristics and ordering codes

$\overline{I_R}$	L _R	L _{stray,typ}	R _{typ}	T _R	Ordering code		Appro	vals
Α	mΗ	μН	mΩ	°C	Horizontal version	Vertical version	<u>Ď¥</u>	7/
0.25	47	600	2400	40	B82791G2251N020	B82791H2251N020	×	×
0.3	30	500	2200	40	B82791G2301N001	B82791H2301N001	×	×
0.35	22	400	1900	40	B82791G2351N001	B82791H2351N001	×	×
0.4	15	250	1350	40	B82791G2401N001	B82791H2401N001	×	×
0.5	10	170	1000	40	B82791G2501N001	B82791H2501N001	×	×
0.6	6.8	120	630	40	B82791G2601N001	B82791H2601N001	×	×
0.7	4.7	75	440	40	B82791G2701N001	B82791H2701N001	×	×
0.9	4.7	55	250	60	_	B82791H2901N020	×	×

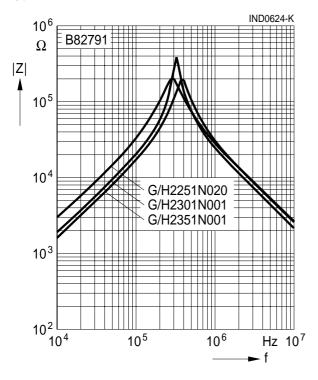
 $[\]times$ = approval granted



Current-compensated ring core double chokes

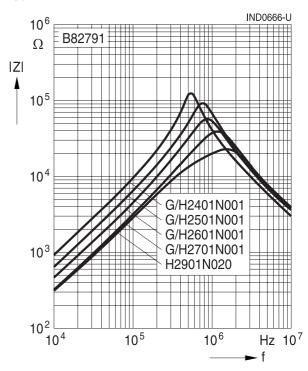
Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at 20 °C, typical values

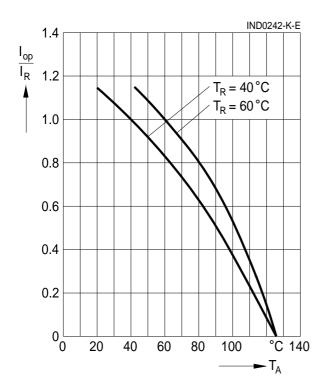


Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at 20 °C, typical values



Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus temperature T_A





Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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